

Towards a Thorough Understanding of ABox Abduction Under Repair Semantics

Anselm Haak¹ Patrick Koopmann² Yasir Mahmood³ Anni-Yasmin Turhan¹

¹Knowledge Representation Group, Paderborn University

²Knowledge in Artificial Intelligence, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

³Data Science Group, Paderborn University

July 24, 2026

ABox abduction

- ABox abduction explains missing entailments
- our setting:
 - knowledge base (KB) $\mathcal{K}$
 - **observation**: concept assertion (fact) α that **should** be entailed
 - if $\mathcal{K} \not\models \alpha$, **why not?**
 - **explanation / hypothesis**: set of ABox assertions (facts) $\mathcal{H}$ s.t. $\mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{H} \models \alpha$
[Elsenbroich, Kutz, Sattler '06]
- What happens in the case of **dirty data** / **inconsistency**?
[Du, Wang, Shen '15]
[Bienvenu, Bourgaux, Goasdoué '19]
[Lukasiewicz, Malizia, Molinaro '22]
- systematic study: complexity under repair semantics for $\mathcal{EL}_{\perp}$ and **DL-Lite**

ABox abduction in $\mathcal{EL}_\perp$

- $\mathcal{EL}_\perp$ TBox (terminological part of KB):
concept inclusions $C \sqsubseteq C$, with

$$C ::= C \sqcap C \mid \exists r.C \mid A \mid \top \mid \perp$$

r role name, A concept name

- simple ABox:
concept assertions $A(b)$, role assertions $r(a, b)$
 A concept name, r role name, a, b individuals
- **observation**: concept assertion $A(b)$
- **hypothesis**: set of concept and role assertions

Example: ABox abduction in medical diagnosis

TBox $\mathcal{T}$:

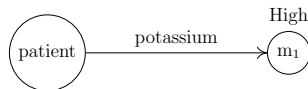
$$\text{High} \sqcap \text{Low} \sqsubseteq \perp$$

$$\exists \text{potassium.Low} \sqcap \text{CardiacDisease} \sqsubseteq \text{CardiacArrest}$$

$$\exists \text{potassium.High} \sqcap \text{CardiacDisease} \sqsubseteq \text{CardiacArrest}$$

$$\exists \text{potassium.High} \sqcap \exists \text{calcium.Low} \sqsubseteq \text{CardiacArrest}$$

ABox $\mathcal{A}$:



- **observation:** $\text{CardiacArrest}(\text{patient})$
- **intended hypotheses:**
 $\{\text{CardiacDisease}(\text{patient})\}$ and $\{\text{Low}(m_2), \text{calcium}(\text{patient}, m_2)\}$
- **trivial hypothesis:** $\{\text{CardiacArrest}(\text{patient})\}$

Handling dirty data: repair semantics

- $\mathcal{K} = \mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A}$ **inconsistent** KB $\rightsquigarrow$ classical entailment useless
- **conflict** of $\mathcal{K}$: $\subseteq$ -**minimal** $\mathcal{T}$ -**inconsistent** subset of $\mathcal{A}$
- **(ABox) repair** of $\mathcal{K}$: $\subseteq$ -**maximal** $\mathcal{T}$ -**consistent** subset of $\mathcal{A}$

Definition (AR and Brave semantics)

Inconsistent KB $\mathcal{K} = \mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A}$, concept assertion α .

$\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A} \models_{\text{AR}} \alpha$ iff $\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{R} \models \alpha$ for **all** repairs $\mathcal{R}$ of $\mathcal{K}$
 $\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A} \models_{\text{Brave}} \alpha$ iff $\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{R} \models \alpha$ for **some** repair $\mathcal{R}$ of $\mathcal{K}$

	$\mathcal{EL}_{\perp}$	DL-Lite
AR	coNP	coNP
Brave	NP	NL

Example: handling inconsistency

TBox $\mathcal{T}$:

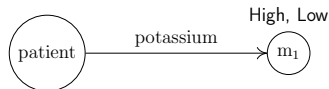
$$\text{High} \sqcap \text{Low} \sqsubseteq \perp$$

$$\exists \text{potassium.Low} \sqcap \text{CardiacDisease} \sqsubseteq \text{CardiacArrest}$$

$$\exists \text{potassium.High} \sqcap \text{CardiacDisease} \sqsubseteq \text{CardiacArrest}$$

$$\exists \text{potassium.High} \sqcap \exists \text{calcium.Low} \sqsubseteq \text{CardiacArrest}$$

ABox $\mathcal{A}$:



- **observation**: $\text{CardiacArrest}(\text{patient})$
- **repairs**: remove either $\text{High}(m_1)$ or $\text{Low}(m_1)$
- **Brave hypotheses**: $\{\text{CardiacDisease}(\text{patient})\}$ and $\{\text{Low}(m_2), \text{calcium}(\text{patient}, m_2)\}$
- **AR hypothesis**: $\{\text{CardiacDisease}(\text{patient})\}$

ABox abduction for inconsistent KBs

Definition

Inconsistent KB $\mathcal{K}$, concept assertion α (**observation**) s.t. $\mathcal{K} \not\models_{\text{AR (Brave)}} \alpha$.

- $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$ called **AR-abduction problem (Brave-abduction problem)**
- **AR-hypothesis (Brave-hypothesis)** for $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$: ABox $\mathcal{H}$ s.t. $\mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{H} \models_{\text{AR (Brave)}} \alpha$

properties of **desirable** hypotheses

- **non-trivial**: $\alpha \notin \mathcal{H}$
- **signature-restricted**: only names from given **signature**
- **conflict-confining**: **same** set of **conflicts** ($\text{Conf}(\mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{H}) = \text{Conf}(\mathcal{K})$)

ABox abduction for inconsistent KBs

Definition

Inconsistent KB $\mathcal{K}$, concept assertion α (**observation**) s.t. $\mathcal{K} \not\models_{\text{AR (Brave)}} \alpha$.

- $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$ called **AR-abduction problem (Brave-abduction problem)**
- **AR-hypothesis (Brave-hypothesis)** for $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$: ABox $\mathcal{H}$ s.t. $\mathcal{K} \cup \mathcal{H} \models_{\text{AR (Brave)}} \alpha$

properties of **desirable** hypotheses (change as little as possible)

- **$\subseteq$ -minimal**: **subset**-minimal (w.r.t. $\mathcal{H}$ itself)
- **$\leq$ -minimal**: **cardinality**-minimal (w.r.t. $\mathcal{H}$ itself)
- **$\subseteq_c$ -minimal**: **subset**-minimal w.r.t. **set of conflicts**
- **$\leq_c$ -minimal**: **cardinality**-minimal w.r.t. **set of conflicts**

- **existence problem**: Given an AR-abduction (Brave-abduction) problem $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$, is there an AR-hypothesis (Brave-hypothesis) for $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$?
- **verification problem**: Given an AR-abduction (Brave-abduction) problem $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$ and ABox $\mathcal{H}$, is $\mathcal{H}$ an AR-hypothesis (Brave-hypothesis) for $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$?

Non-convexity

- set of AR-hypotheses for an AR-abduction problem can be **non-convex**:
 $\mathcal{B}_1 \subsetneq \mathcal{B}_2 \subsetneq \mathcal{B}_3$, where $\mathcal{B}_1$ and $\mathcal{B}_3$ are AR-hypotheses, but $\mathcal{B}_2$ is not
- $\subseteq$ -minimality cannot be checked **locally** by looking at **direct** subsets

$$\mathcal{T} = \{C_1 \sqcap C_2 \sqsubseteq \perp, \quad B_1 \sqsubseteq A, \quad B_1 \sqcap B_2 \sqsubseteq \perp, \quad B_3 \sqsubseteq A\}$$

$$\mathcal{A} = \{C_1(m), C_2(m)\}$$

$$\alpha = A(m)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_1 = \{B_1(m)\} \quad \mathcal{B}_2 = \mathcal{B}_1 \cup \{B_2(m)\} \quad \mathcal{B}_3 = \mathcal{B}_2 \cup \{B_3(m)\}$$

Non-convexity and $\subseteq$ -minimality for $\mathcal{EL}_\perp$

$$\mathcal{T}_0 := \{ B_1 \sqcap B_2 \sqsubseteq \perp, \quad B'_1 \sqcap B_2 \sqsubseteq \perp \}$$

$$\mathcal{T}_1 := \left\{ B_1 \sqcap \bigcap_{1 \leq i \leq n} (T_{x,i} \sqcap F_{x,i}) \sqsubseteq A \right\} \cup$$

$$\{ B_1 \sqcap C_j \sqsubseteq A \mid 1 \leq j \leq k \} \cup \{ B'_1 \sqcap T_{y,i} \sqcap F_{y,i} \sqsubseteq \perp \mid 1 \leq i \leq m \} \cup$$

$$\{ B'_1 \sqcap T_{x,i} \sqcap C_j \sqsubseteq \perp \mid \neg x_i \in c_j \} \cup \{ B'_1 \sqcap F_{x,i} \sqcap C_j \sqsubseteq \perp \mid x_i \in c_j \} \cup$$

$$\{ B'_1 \sqcap T_{y,i} \sqcap C_j \sqsubseteq \perp \mid \neg y_i \in c_j \} \cup \{ B'_1 \sqcap F_{y,i} \sqcap C_j \sqsubseteq \perp \mid y_i \in c_j \}$$

$$\mathcal{T}_2 := \left\{ B_2 \sqcap \bigcap_{1 \leq i \leq n} \text{HAVE}_i \sqsubseteq A \right\} \cup \{ T_{x,i} \sqsubseteq \text{HAVE}_i, F_{x,i} \sqsubseteq \text{HAVE}_i \mid 1 \leq i \leq n \}$$

$$\mathcal{A} := \{ B_1(a), B'_1(a), B_2(a) \} \cup \{ T_{y,i}(a), F_{y,i}(a) \mid 1 \leq i \leq m \} \cup \{ C_j(a) \mid 1 \leq j \leq k \}$$

Non-convexity and $\subseteq$ -minimality for DL-Lite

- DL-Lite has **no conjunction**
- **minimal $\mathcal{T}$ -supports** of concept assertions α are of **size 1**:
- $\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A} \models \alpha \implies \mathcal{T} \cup \{\beta\} \models \alpha$ for some $\beta \in \mathcal{A}$

Lemma

For *AR*-abduction problem $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$ and *ABox* $\mathcal{B}$, the following are equivalent:

1. *there is an $\mathcal{AR}$ -hypothesis $\mathcal{H} \subseteq \mathcal{B}$ for $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$*
2. *$\{\mathcal{R}_1, \dots, \mathcal{R}_\ell\}$ repairs of $\mathcal{K} \rightsquigarrow$ there are $\mathcal{T}$ -supports $\{\beta_i\} \subseteq \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{B}$ of α s.t. $\mathcal{R}_i \cup \{\beta_i\}$ is $\mathcal{T}$ -consistent for each i .*

Proof idea.

“1. $\Rightarrow$ 2.”: each repair $\mathcal{R}$ of $\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{H}$ entails α , giving us one of the β_i

“2. $\Rightarrow$ 1.”: use set of all $\beta_i \rightsquigarrow$ each repair of the new KB contains some β_i



Non-convexity and $\subseteq$ -minimality for DL-Lite

Lemma

For AR-abduction problem $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$ and ABox $\mathcal{B}$, the following are equivalent:

1. there is an AR-hypothesis $\mathcal{H} \subseteq \mathcal{B}$ for $\langle \mathcal{K}, \alpha \rangle$
 2. $\{\mathcal{R}_1, \dots, \mathcal{R}_\ell\}$ repairs of $\mathcal{K} \rightsquigarrow$ there are $\mathcal{T}$ -supports $\{\beta_i\} \subseteq \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{B}$ of α s.t.
 $\mathcal{R}_i \cup \{\beta_i\}$ is $\mathcal{T}$ -consistent for each i .
- given $\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{A}$ and $\mathcal{H}$, want to check for an AR-hypothesis $\mathcal{H}' \subsetneq \mathcal{H}$
 - let $\mathcal{H} = \{\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_n\}$ and $\mathcal{B}_i := \mathcal{H} \setminus \{\gamma_i\}$
 - for each $\mathcal{B}_i$, check for an AR-hypothesis $\mathcal{H}' \subseteq \mathcal{B}_i$
 - use the lemma! (for each i)
 - $\forall$ repairs $\mathcal{R}$, iterate over all $\beta \in \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{B}_i$
 - check: $\mathcal{T} \cup \{\beta\} \models \alpha$ and $\mathcal{R} \cup \{\beta\}$ is $\mathcal{T}$ -consistent

existence problem	general	signature	conflict-confining	non-trivial
Brave	P	NP	Σ_2^P	NP
AR	coNP	Σ_2^P	coNP	Σ_2^P

verification problem	$\leq$ -min.	$\subseteq$ -min.	$\subseteq_c$ -min.	$\leq_c$ -min.	conflict-confining
Brave	NP	DP	Π_2^P	–	DP
AR	coNP	Π_2^P	coNP	coNP	coNP

existence problem	general	signature	conflict-confining	non-trivial
Brave	NL	NL	NL	NL
AR	NL	coNP	NL	coNP

verification problem	$\leq$ -min.	$\subseteq$ -min.	$\subseteq_c$ -min.	$\leq_c$ -min.	conflict-confining
Brave	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL
AR	coNP	DP	NL	NL	NL

- systematic study of ABox abduction under repair semantics
 - **lightweight** DLs $\mathcal{EL}_{\perp}$ and DL-Lite
 - introduced interesting **new properties** of explanations in this setting
- obtained first results on **combined complexity**
- found interesting effects for abduction in our setting
 - non-convexity: second level of **PH** for $\mathcal{EL}_{\perp}$, but not DL-Lite
 - existence of conflict-confining Brave hypotheses

Outlook and future work

- complexity for combinations of properties in $\mathcal{EL}_\perp$ at DL '26
- many variations, e.g. other semantics, new properties
- data complexity
- more expressive observations, such as (conjunctive) queries